Claims

[01] 1. A method for forming a gate structure for a semiconductor transistor, the comprising:

forming a lower polysilicon region on a gate dielectric layer;

implanting said lower polysilicon region with a dopant at a first dopant concentration;

forming a conductive barrier layer upon said lower polysilicon region;

forming an upper polysilicon region upon said conductive barrier layer; and

implanting said upper polysilicon region with dopant at a second dopant concentration, said second concentration being different than said first concentration.

- [02] 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising forming a silicide layer on said upper polysilicon region.
- [c3] 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said conductive barrier is selected from the group of: tungsten nitride (WN), tantalum nitride (TaN), titanium nitride (TiN), tungsten silicon nitride (WSiN), tantalum silicon nitride (TaSiN), aluminum titanium nitride (AlTiN), titanium silicide (TiSi),quantum conductive semi-insulating barriers, and

- combinations comprising at least one of the foregoing.
- [04] 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said lower polysilicon region comprises silicon germanium carbon (SiGeC).
- [c5] 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said lower polysilicon region is doped at a concentration of about 1×10^{21} atoms/cm³, and said upper polysilicon region is doped at a concentration of about 3×10^{20} atoms/cm³.
- [c6] 6. The method of claim 1, wherein said lower polysilicon region is formed by: defining a polysilicon block on said gate dielectric layer; forming a sacrificial layer over said gate dielectric layer and said polysilicon block; planarizing said sacrificial layer down to the top of said polysilicon block; and recessing said polysilicon block below the top of the planarized sacrificial layer.